Existence and multiplicity of positive solutions for a fourth-order elliptic equation

Joao Pablo Pinheiro (jpabloufpa@gmail.com)UFPA - Universidade Federal do ParáAbstract. We prove existence and multiplicity of solutions for the problem

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \Delta^2 u + \lambda \Delta u = |u|^{2^*-2} u, \mbox{ in } \Omega, \\ u, \ -\Delta u > 0, \ \mbox{ in } \Omega, \quad u = \Delta u = 0, \ \mbox{ on } \partial \Omega, \end{array} \right.$$

where $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^N$, $N \geq 5$, is a bounded regular domain, $\lambda > 0$ and $2^* = 2N/(N-4)$ is the critical Sobolev exponent for the embedding of $W^{2,2}(\Omega)$ into the Lebesgue spaces.

References

- [1] J.P.P. Da Silva, G.M. Figueiredo and M.F.Furtado *Existence and multiplicity of positive solutions* for a fourth-order elliptic equation to apear in Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh Section A: Mathematics
- [2] F. Bernis, J. Garcia Azorero and I. Peral, Existence and multiplicity of nontrivial solutions in semilinear critical problems of fourth order, Adv. Differential Equations 1 (1996), 219–240.
- [3] J.L.F. Melo and E.M. dos Santos, *Positive solutions to a fourth-order elliptic problem by the Lusternik–Schnirelmann category.* J. Math. Anal. Applications **420** (2014), 532–550.
- [4] R.C.A.M. van der Vorst, Fourth-order elliptic equations with critical growth, C.R. Math. Acas. Sci. Paris 320 (1995), 295-299.